

PF1603-comb

Multilayer Chip Antenna for GPS/UWB/Wifi Wireless Communication

PF1603-Comb Multilayer Chip Antenna

◆ Features

- Light weight and low profile 16.0mm(L)X3.1mm(W)X1.45mm(H)
- Omni-directional in azimuth
- Lead (Pb) Free

◆ Applications

- GPS application
- 3400~3800MHz 5G mobile communication
- WiFi/Bluetooth 2.45GHz application

Specifications

frequency	1561/1575/1598/1606MHz 3400~3800MHz 2400~2500Mhz
Peak gain	1dBi
Operation temperature	-40 ~ +85 °C
Storage temperature	-40 ~ +85 °C
VSWR	2.0 (Max)
Input Impedance	50 Ohm
Power handling	3W (Max)
Bandwidth	10MHz
Azimuth beamwidth	Omni-directional
Polarization	Linear

Pin configuration



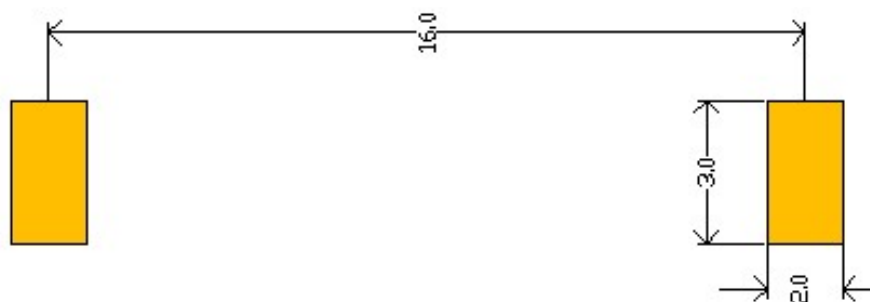
Pin No	Pin assignment
1	Feed termination 1
2	Feed point mark
3	Feed termination 2

Dimensions



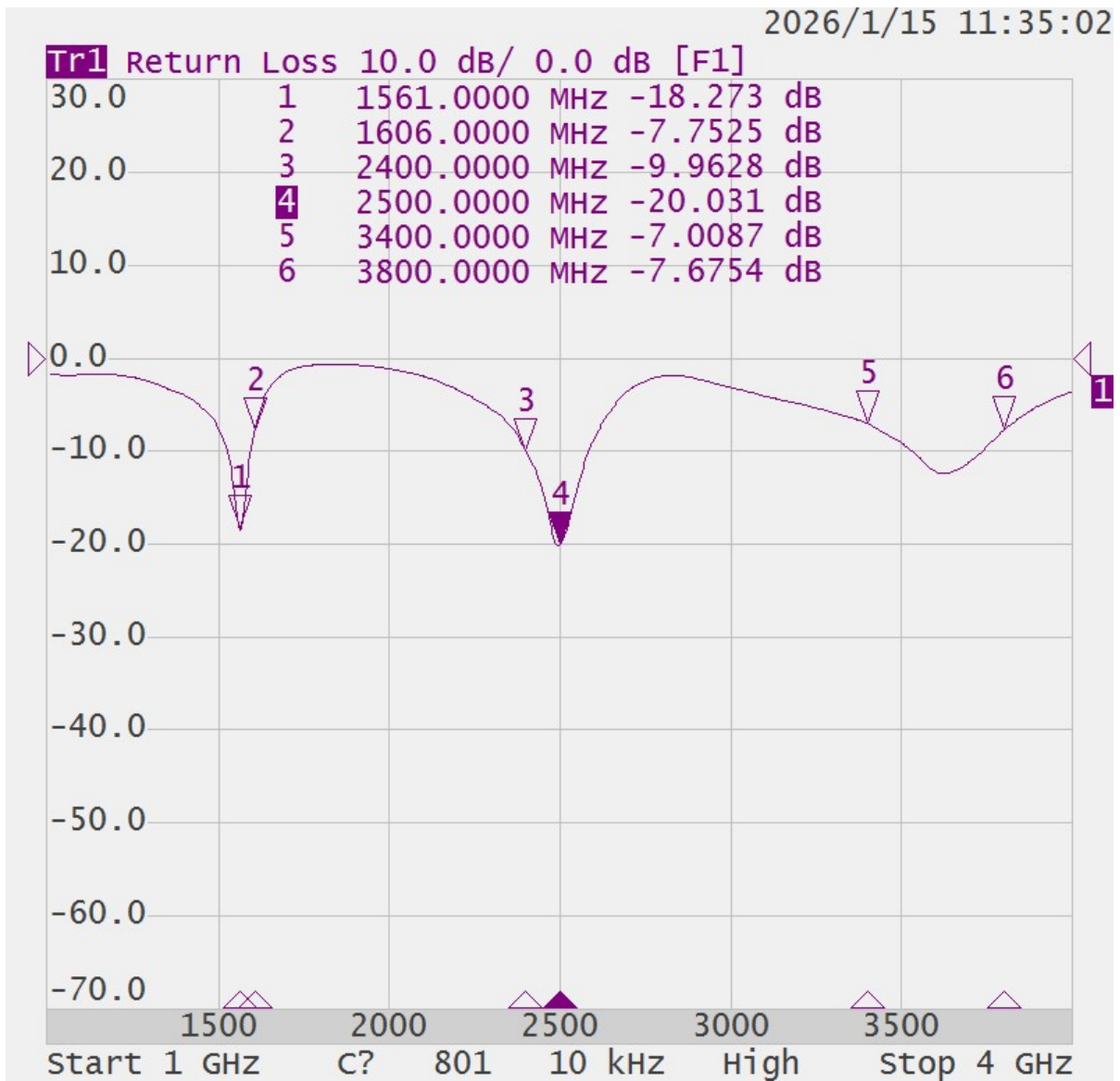
Symbol	Dimensions (mm)
A	16.00±0.10
B	3.10±0.10
C	0.60±0.05
H	1.45±0.20

PCB foot printer

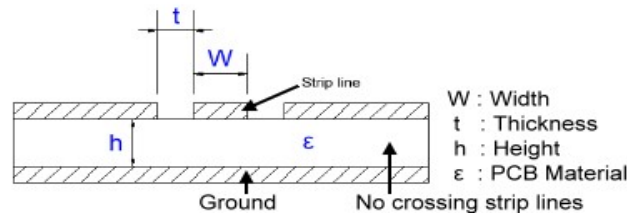


Typical Electrical Characteristics

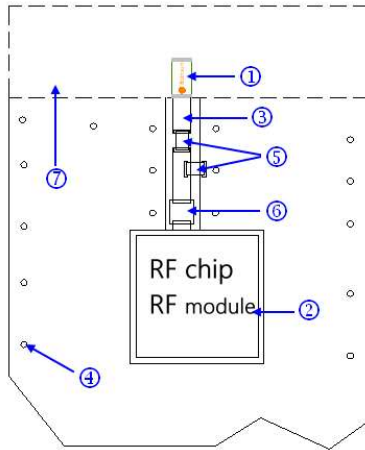
Return loss



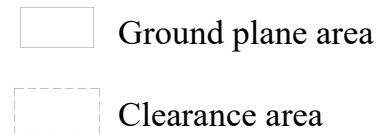
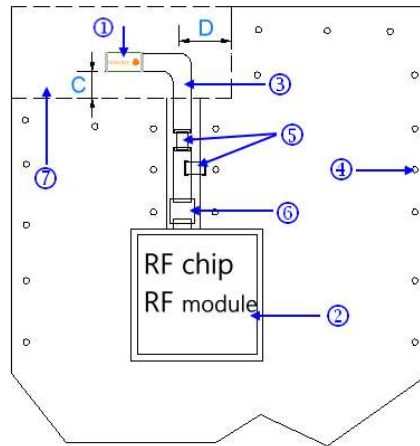
Application design guide



Best Choice



Acceptable



1. Placement of the antenna

The antenna shall be placed on a area without underlying ground plane at the edge of the PCB oriented as above. Ground plane area surrounding the antenna should be with minimum clearance 3mm.

DO NOT place the antenna on the PCB edge with V-cut. The antenna body size is bigger than passive component. Antenna may damage on the V-cut snap off. In PCB panel layout, CNC board edge is better then V-cut edge.

2. Placement of RF chip set or module

To avoid losses in the strip line, the module shall be placed as close to the antenna as possible.

3. Strip line

The strip line impedance must be dimensioned according to your specific PCB (see fig.2) to 50 Ohm. No crossing strip lines are allowed between the strip line and its ground plane.

4. Via Connections on PCB

To avoid spurious effects via connections must be made to analogue ground. Via connection depends on PCB layout design. Figure for reference only.

5. Component matching

Component values are depending on antenna placement, PCB dimensions and location of other components. PCB dimension and antenna location will effect the antenna frequency.

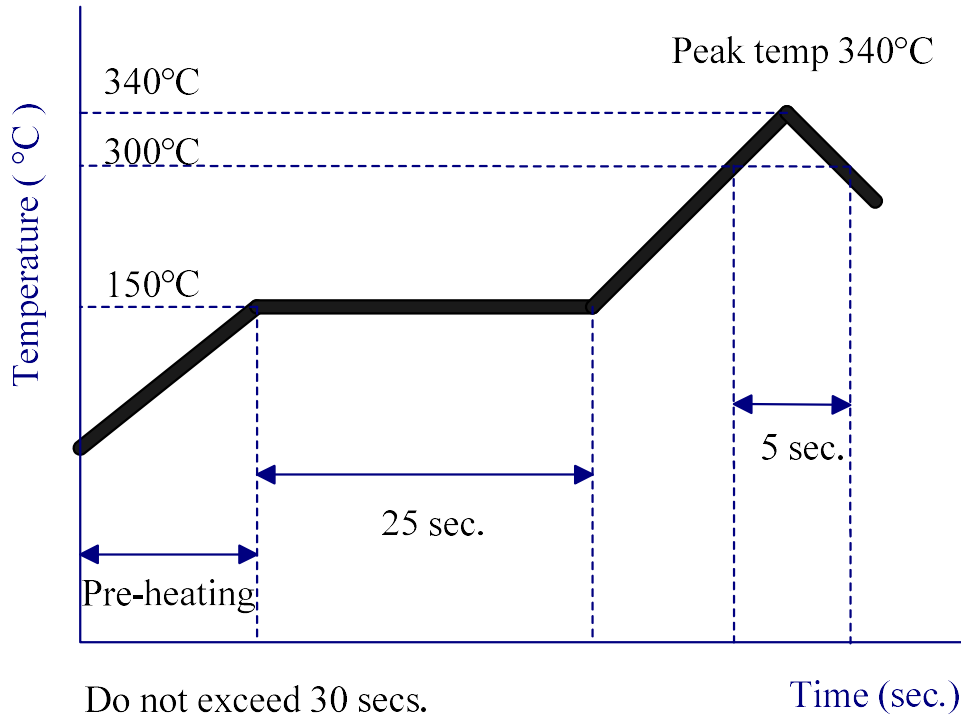
6. DC Block

It might be needed depending on RF Module or chip hardware design.

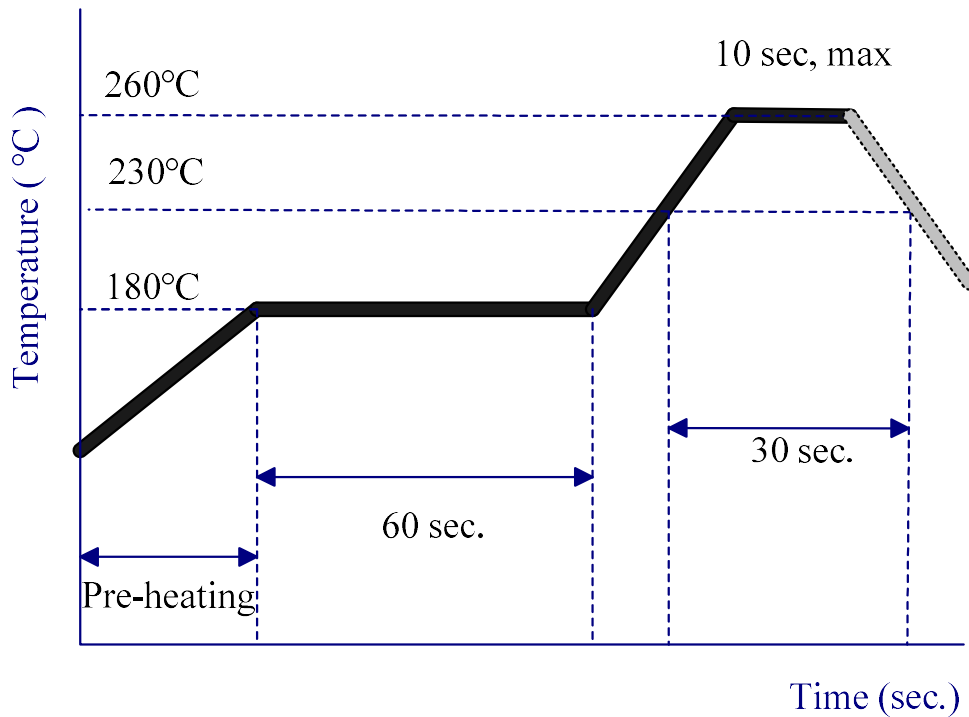
7. Clearance

No components allowed within the clearance area with a minimum distance to other components. The minimum distance is 3mm.

Typical Soldering Profile for Lead-free Process

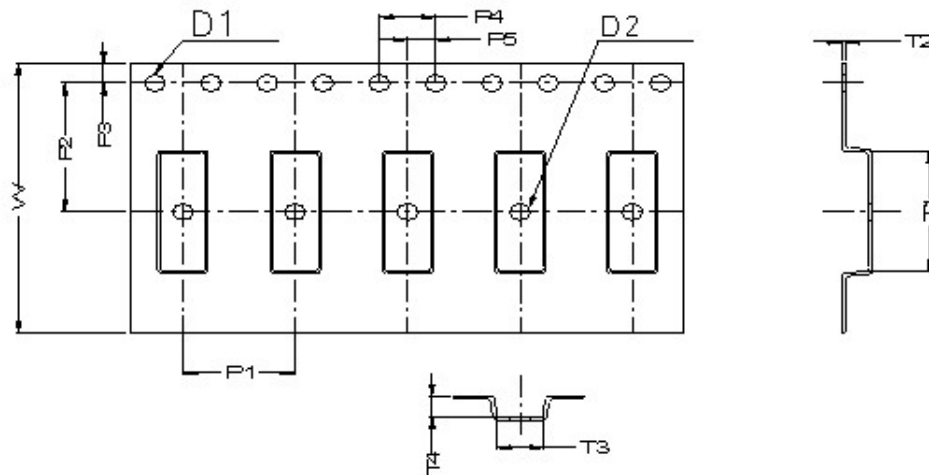


Reflow Soldering



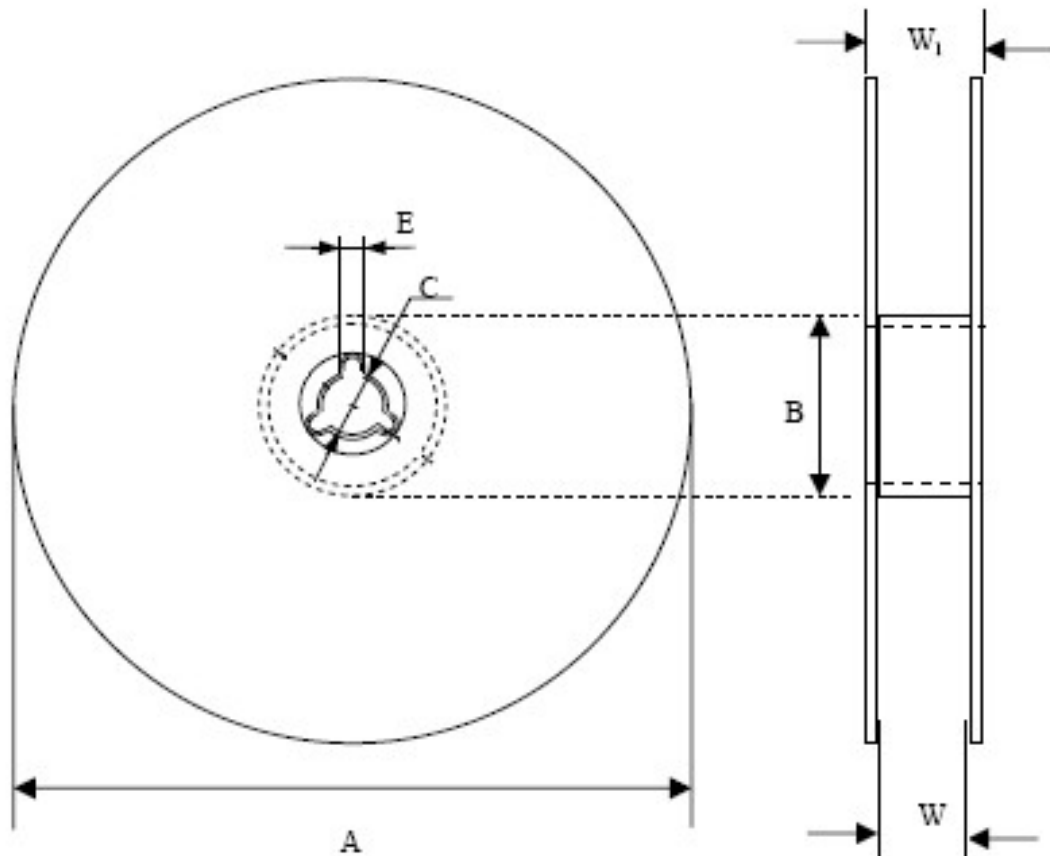
Packing

Blister Tape Specifications



Symbol	Dimension	Tolerance	Unit
W	24.00	± 0.30	mm
P1	8.00	± 0.10	mm
P2	11.50	± 0.10	mm
P3	1.75	± 0.10	mm
P4	4.00	± 0.10	mm
P5	2.00	± 0.10	mm
D1	1.50	± 0.10	mm
D2	1.50	± 0.10	mm
T1	10.6	± 0.10	mm
T2	0.30	± 0.05	mm
T3	3.30	± 0.10	mm
T4	1.90	± 0.10	mm

Reel Specifications



Quantity Per Reel	Tape Width (mm)	A (mm)	C (mm)	B (mm)	E (mm)	W (mm)	W ₁ (mm)
3,000	24	330±1	13.0±0.5	100.0±0.5	2.2±0.5	24.0±0.5	28.9±0.2